

# HST Wideband Precision High Voltage Divider



Very suitable for wideband power measurement at medium voltage inverters, HV discharge lamps, ultrasonic and plasma generators

- Precise measurement up to 20 kV peak voltage
- Frequency range DC to 300 kHz
- Negligible phase error
- One-, two- and three-phase version avalaible
- Difference measuring of floating voltages

#### Wiring of 3-phase HST in 3-phase systems



On the high voltage side the HST inputs in1, in2, in3 are connected with lines L1, L2, L3. All voltage measurements have the same reference potential: earth.

The earthed HST can also measure isolated (non-earthed) sources, as these are always bound to earth by their earth capacities.

The low voltages at the measuring outputs out1, out2, out3 can be connected with the precision power meter LMG or other instruments by two different ways:

1. Instruments with internal star-delta conversion are connected as shown in the upper part of the drawing. This has the advantage that existing common mode voltages in the 3-phase system are not measured because of the difference measurement. 2. Instruments without star-delta conversion are connected as shown in the lower part of the drawing. The line voltages with reference potential earth can be tapped directly at the BNC jacks. Here all common mode voltages are captured by the measurement.

Examples for the occurrence of common mode voltages are the DC voltages at complex rectifier circuits and zero-phase systems of fundamental and/or harmonics. By including the common mode voltages in the measurement the trms values of voltage and of apparent power are altered, and the collective sums of trms voltages and apparent power are increased. In both cases the active power is measured correctly.

# **Precision High Voltage Dividers for Precision Power Meters**

The wideband precision high voltage divider of series HST expand the voltage measuring range of ZES ZIMMER precision power meters LMG for use at nominal voltages over 1000 V. The high voltage inputs are equipped with 2 m leads that are attached to the voltage measured against earth. The open leads can be finished by the customer. The HST3 (resp. HST6/9/12) divides DC, AC or any distorted voltages with very high accuracy by the factor 1000 (resp. 2000 / 3000 / 4000). The divided voltage is available at the buffered low impedance BNC output. To avoid noise interference it is recommended to use shielded cables to the measuring input of the LMG. The HST can be delivered as one-, two- or three-channel version to match the particular measuring task. The one-channel HSTx-1 is used in single ended systems (e.g. ultrasonic applications). For floating (difference) voltage measuring (e.g. discharge lamps, plasma applications) the two-phase HSTx-2 is best suitable. The difference between the two measuring points can be measured as difference between the output signals of the channels. Typical application fields for the three-channel HSTx-3 are frequency inverter-fed medium voltage drives and voltage harmonics. The high voltage dividers are not suitable to measure on the grid!

## Safety

To guarantee a safe measurement you must connect the protective earth terminal of the enclosure with an appropriate earthing point. Here you have to make sure that the earthing conductor has a sufficient cross section, depending on the possible short circuit current of the application. The existing protecting earth connection of the power supply is not dimensioned for this. The appropriate safety instructions are strictly to be observed!

We recommend to use high voltage fuses which are used for voltage transformer protection, and surge arresters.

The high voltage dividers are not suitable to measure on the grid, as lightning strokes, switching operations and similar incidents may induce high transient overvoltages, significantly above the allowed values specified by ZES ZIMMER, and therefore a safety risk for man and equipment exists.

For further safety and application-related information see "HST3, -6, -9, -12 User Manual".

### Measurement principle







3-channel HST for three-phase systems (inverters)

1-channel HST for single-ended voltages

2-channel HST for floating voltages (difference measuring)

|   | Series   | HST3   |            |            | HST6        |            |  | HST9                   |            |            | HST12       |             |             |
|---|--|--|------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | no. of<br>channels   | 1  | 2          | 3          | 1           | 2          | 3  | 1                      | 2          | 3          | 1           | 2           | 3           |
|   | ordering type  | HST3<br>-1   | HST3<br>-2 | HST3<br>-3 | HST6<br>-1  | HST6<br>-2 | HST6<br>-3   | HST9<br>-1             | HST9<br>-2 | HST9<br>-3 | HST12<br>-1 | HST12<br>-2 | HST12<br>-3 |
| Nominal electrical rating<br>of measuring inputs  | maximum sine<br>trms voltage for<br>full scale   | 3.5 kV   |            |            | 7 kV        |            |  | 10.5 kV                |            |            | 14kV        |             |             |
|   | maximum trms<br>input voltage  | 4.2 kV   |            |            | 8.4 kV      |            |  | 12.6 kV                |            |            | 16.8 kV     |             |             |
|   | maximum peak vol <del>t</del><br>age for full scale  | 5 kV   |            |            | 10kV        |            |  | 15kV                   |            |            | 20kV        |             |             |
|   | input impedance  | 10MΩ  50 pF  |            |            | 20MΩ  25 pF |            |  | 30MΩ  22 pF            |            |            | 40MΩ  20 pF |             |             |
|   | dividing ratio   | 1/1000   |            |            | 1/2000      |            |  | 1/3000                 |            |            | 1/4000      |             |             |
|   | measuring accuracy   | dividing ratio   |            |            |             |            |  | phase error            |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | DC<br>0.05 Hz45Hz<br>45 Hz65Hz<br>65 Hz2.5 kHz<br>2.5 kHz10kHz<br>10 kHz100kHz<br>100 kHz300kHz;<br>max. 100 pF burden | max. ± 0.05%<br>max. ± 0.1 %<br>max. ± 0.05 %<br>max. ± 0.1 %<br>max. ± 0.2 %<br>max. ± 0.3 %<br>typ. ± 2 %                                  |            |            |             |            | 0.06 °<br>0.06 °<br>0.2 °<br>0.4 °<br>0.5 °<br>2.5 ° |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | output burden  | min. 1 kΩ; max. 1 nF   |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
| Overvoltage capability<br>of high voltage input<br>against earthed case<br>*) voltages in accordance to<br>EN 61010:2010, valid for max.<br>altitude 2000m over sea level | maximum<br>trms voltage*   | 4.2 kV   |            | 8.4 kV     |             | 12.6 kV    |  | 16.8 kV                |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | maximum periodic<br>peak voltage*  | 5 kV   |            | 10kV       |             | 15 kV      |  | 20kV                   |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | maximum transient<br>overvoltage*  | 3.8 kV   |            | 6.8 kV     |             | 8.8 kV     |  | 10.2 kV                |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | non-repetitive<br>maximum peak<br>voltage*   | 8.8 kV   |            | 16.8 kV    |             | 23.8 kV    |  | 30.2 kV                |            |            |             |             |             |
| Mechanical  | measurement input  | one fixed high voltage lead (length 2 m) for each channel,<br>open leads to be finished by customer,<br>earth jack as common reference point |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | signal output  | one BNC socket for each channel  |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | enclosure  | robust aluminium case  |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | size<br>(L x W x H)  | 330 mm x 230   |            |            | mm x 110mm  |            |  | 400 mm x 230mm x 110mm |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | installation dimen-<br>sion (L x W x H)  |  | 490 m      | m x 230    | mm x 110mm  |            |  | 590mm x 230mm x 110mm  |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | weight   | approx   |            |            | 6.1 kg      |            |  | approx. 7.2 kg         |            |            |             |             |             |
| Other   | temperature range  | 540 °C, indoor use only  |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | safety class   | class I; device must be earthed additionally to PE of mains supply cord!   |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |
|   | mains supply   | 85265 V; 4565 Hz; ca. 20 VA  |            |            |             |            |  |                        |            |            |             |             |             |